

Semana 23/11/2015

Primary Vendor -- Product	Description	Published	CVSS Score	Source & Patch Info
cs_luacom -- gprs_cz2300_r_firmware	CSL DualCom GPRS CSZ2300 R devices with firmware 1.25 through 3.53 use the same 001984 default PIN across different customers' installations, which allows remote attackers to execute commands by leveraging knowledge of this PIN and including it in an SMS message.	24/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7287
gnome -- gnome_display_manager	GNOME Display Manager (gdm) before 3.18.2 allows physically proximate attackers to bypass the lock screen by holding the Escape key.	24/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-7896
huawei -- vp_9660_firmware	The built-in web server in Huawei VP9660 multi-point control unit with software before V200R001C0SPC700 allows a remote administrator to obtain sensitive information or cause a denial of service via a crafted message.	24/11/2015	8.5	CVE-2015-8227
nvidia -- gpu_driver	The host memory mapping path feature in the NVIDIA GPU graphics driver R346 before 346.87 and R352 before 352.41 for Linux and R352 before 352.46 for NVIDIA GPU and CUDA does not properly restrict access to third-party device IO memory, which allows attackers to gain privileges, cause a denial of service (resource consumption), or possibly have unspecified other impact via unknown vectors.	24/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-5053
nvidia -- gpu_driver	nvSCPAfPvSrv.exe in the Stereoscopic 3D Driver Service in the NVIDIA GPU graphics driver R340 before 341.92, R352 before 354.35, and R358 before 358.87 on Windows does not properly restrict access to the stereoscopic named pipe, which allows local users to gain privileges via a command-line in a number 2 command, which is stored in the HKKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\explorer Run registry key, a different vulnerability than CVE-2011-7784.	24/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-7865
nvidia -- gpu_driver	Unquoted Windows search path vulnerability in the Smart Maximize Helper (nvSmartMaxApp.exe) in the Control Panel in the NVIDIA GPU graphics driver R346 before 341.92, R352 before 354.35, and R358 before 358.87 on Windows allows local users to gain privileges via a search normalization, as demonstrated by CVE-2011-7784.	24/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-7866
sap -- plant_connectivity	The PCoIP agent in SAP Plant Connectivity (PCoIP) allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption and agent crash) via crafted XML requests, aka SAP Security Note 2238619.	24/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-8130
valve -- steam	Valve Steam 2.13.91.91 uses weak permissions (Users: read and write) for the install folder, which allows local users to gain privileges via a Trojan horse steam.exe file.	24/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-7985
vbulletin -- vbulletin	The vb_Api::parseAndDecodeArguments method in vbulletin 5 Connect 5.1.2 through 5.1.9 allows remote attackers to conduct PHP object injection attacks to execute arbitrary PHP code in a serialized object in the arguments parameter to parseAndDecodeArguments.	24/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7808
cisco -- virtual_topology_system	Cisco Virtual Topology System (VTS) 2.0 (0) and 2.0 (1) allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU and memory consumption) and TCP port outage via a flood of crafted TCP packets, aka Bug ID CSCux13379.	23/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-6377
apple -- iphone_os	The fn3_tokenizer function in SQLSRV as used in Apple iOS before 8.4 and OS X before 10.10.4, allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (application crash) via a SQL command that triggers an API call with a crafted pointer value in the fn3_tokenizer function.	21/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7036
arris -- na_model_862_gw_mono_firmware	Terra 8600A, TG862A, and TG862C devices with firmware TS07031209_100611 through TS07031250_031115 have a hardcoded administrator password derived from a serial number, which makes it easier for remote attackers to obtain access via the web management interface, SSH, TELNET, or SNMP.	21/11/2015	9.3	CVE-2015-7289
tibbo -- aggregate	The Ice Fuses service in ag_server_service.exe in the AggreGate Server Service in Tibbo AggreGate before 5.30.06 allows remote attackers to upload and execute arbitrary Java code via a crafted XML document.	21/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-7912
tibbo -- aggregate	ag_Server_Service.exe in the AggreGate Server Service in Tibbo AggreGate before 5.30.06 allows local users to execute arbitrary Java code with SYSTEM privileges by using the Apache Axis AdminService deployment method to publish a class.	21/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-7913

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arista -- eos	Arista EOS before 4.11.12, 4.12 before 4.12.11, 4.13 before 4.13.14M, 4.14 before 4.14.5FX.5, and 4.15 before 4.15.0FX.1 allows Remote attackers to execute arbitrary code as root by leveraging management-plane access, aka Bug 138716.	19/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-8236
dracut_project -- dracut	modules/d90crypt/module-setup.sh in the dracut package before 0.97-17.30.1 on openSUSE 13.2 allows local users to have unspecified impact via a symlink attack on /tmp/dracut_block_inst.mmc.	19/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-0794
exemys -- telemetry_web_server	Exemys Telemetry Web Server relies on an HTTP Location header to indicate that a client is unauthorized, which allows remote attackers to bypass intended access restrictions by disregarding this header and processing the response body.	19/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-7910
huawei -- espace_firmware	An unspecified module in Huawei eSpace U1910, U1911, U1930, U1980, U1980, and U1981 unified gateways with software before V200R003C05SPC300 does not properly initialize memory when processing timeout messages, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds memory access and device restart) via unknown vectors.	19/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-8083
adobe -- premiere_clip	The Adobe Premiere Clip app before 1.2.1 for iOS mishandles unspecified input, which has unknown impact and attack vectors.	18/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-8051
cisco -- firepower_extensible_operating_system	The Management (IO/MO) component in Cisco Firepower Extensible Operating System 1.1(1).160 on Firepower 9000 devices allows local users to execute arbitrary OS commands as root via crafted CLI input, aka Bug ID CSCux10579.	18/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-6370
oracle -- weblogic_server	The WLSE Security Component in Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.0, 12.1.2.0, 12.1.3.0, and 12.2.1.0 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary commands via a crafted serialized Java object in T3 protocol traffic to TCP port 7001, related to oracle_common/modules/com.bea.core.apache.commons.collections.jar. NOTE: the scope of this CVE is limited to the WebLogic Server product.	18/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-4852
dameware -- mini_remote_control	Stack-based buffer overflow in the URI handler in SolarWinds DameWare Mini Remote Control before 12.0 HotFix 1 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted command-line argument in a link.	17/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-8220
google -- picasa	Integer overflow in Google Picasa before 3.9.140 Build 259 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via the CAMF section in a ICO image, which triggers a heap-based buffer overflow.	17/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-8221
mega-nerd -- libssndfile	Heap-based buffer overflow in libsndfile 1.0.25 allows remote attackers to have unspecified impact via the headindex value in the header of an AIFF file.	17/11/2015	9.3	CVE-2015-7805
sudo_project -- sudo	sudoedit in Sudo before 1.8.15 allows local users to gain privileges via a symlink attack on a file whose full path is defined using multiple wildcards in /etc/sudoers, as demonstrated by "/home/*/*file.txt".	17/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-5602
ffmpeg -- ffmpeg	The ff_hevc_parse_sps function in libavcodec/hevc_pcl.c in FFmpeg before 2.8.2 does not validate the Chroma Format Indicator, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds array access) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted High Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) data.	16/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-8216
ffmpeg -- ffmpeg	The init_tile function in libavcodec/jpeg2000enc.c in FFmpeg before 2.8.2 does not enforce minimum-value and maximum-value constraints on tile boundaries, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds array access) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted JPEG 2000 data.	16/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-8219
piwik -- piwik	Directory traversal vulnerability in core/ViewDataTableFactory.php in Piwik before 2.15.0 allows remote attackers to include and execute arbitrary local files via the viewDataTable parameter.	16/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7815
piwik -- piwik	The displayTopKeywords function in plugin/Referers/Controller.php in Piwik before 2.15.0, which allows remote attackers to conduct PHP object injection attacks, conduct Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) attacks, and execute arbitrary PHP code via a crafted HTTP header.	16/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7816
samsung -- galaxy_s6	The media scanning functionality in the face recognition library in android.media.process in Samsung Galaxy S6 Edge before G925VVRU4B0G9 allows remote attackers to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted BMP image file.	16/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7887
schneider-electric -- emt25_magnetic_flow_dtm	Buffer overflow in Schneider Electric IMT25 Magnetic Flow DTM before 1.500.004 for the HART Protocol allows remote authenticated users to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted HART reply.	14/11/2015	7.7	CVE-2015-3977
cisco -- aironet_access_point_software	Cisco Aironet 1800 devices with software 8.1(13)0 allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption) by improperly establishing many SSHv2 connections, aka Bug ID CSCux13374.	13/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-6362
ibm -- websphere_portal	IBM WebSphere Portal 8.0.0.1 before C019 and 8.5.0 before CF09 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via crafted requests.	13/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-7919

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cisco -- web_security_appliance	The proxy-cache implementation in Cisco AsyncOS 8.0.x before 8.0.7-151, 8.1.x and 8.5.x before 8.5.2-004, 8.6.x and 8.7.x before 8.7.0-171-LD, and 8.8.x before 8.8.0-085 on Web Security Appliance (WSA) devices allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via multiple proxy connections, aka Bug ID CSCus10922.	06/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-6292
cisco -- web_security_appliance	The admin web interface in Cisco AsyncOS 8.x before 8.0.8-113, 8.1.x and 8.5.x before 8.5.3-051, 8.6.x and 8.7.x before 8.7.0-171-LD, and 8.8.x before 8.8.0-085 on Web Security Appliance (WSA) devices allows remote authenticated users to obtain root privileges via crafted certificate-generation arguments, aka Bug ID CSCus83445.	06/11/2015	9.0	CVE-2015-6298
typemoon -- fate/hollow_ataraxia	TYPE-MOON Fate/stay night, Fate/hollow ataraxia, Witch from Holy Night, and Fate/stay night - hollow ataraxia set allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary OS commands via crafted saved data.	06/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-5672
cisco -- email_security_appliance	Cisco AsyncOS before 8.5.7-043, 9.x before 9.1.1-023, and 9.5.x and 9.6.x before 9.6.0-046 on Email Security Appliance (ESA) devices mishandles malformed fields during body-contains, attachment-contains, every-attachment-contains, attachment-binary-contains, dictionary-match, and attachment-dictionary-match filtering, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via a crafted attachment in an e-mail message, aka Bug ID CSCuv47151.	05/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-6291
cisco -- web_security_appliance	Cisco AsyncOS 8.x before 8.0.8-113, 8.1.x and 8.5.x before 8.5.3-051, 8.6.x and 8.7.x before 8.7.0-171-LD, and 8.8.x before 8.8.0-085 on Web Security Appliance (WSA) devices allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via multiple file-uploads, aka Bug ID CSCus83445.	05/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-6293
cisco -- content_security_management_appliance	Cisco AsyncOS before 8.5.7-042, 9.x before 9.1.0-032, 9.1.x before 9.1.1-023, and 9.5.x and 9.6.x before 9.6.0-042 on Email Security Appliance (ESA) devices; before 9.1.0-032, 9.1.x before 9.1.1-005, and 9.5.x before 9.5.0-025 on Content Security Management Appliance (CSMA) devices; and before 7.7.0-725 and 8.x before 8.0.8-113 on Web Security Appliance (WSA) devices allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via a flood of TCP packets, aka Bug IDs CSCus79774, CSCus79777, and CSCus95795.	05/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-6321
mozilla -- firefox	Multiple unspecified vulnerabilities in the browser engine in Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x before 38.4 allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption and application crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via unknown vectors.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-4513
mozilla -- firefox	Multiple unspecified vulnerabilities in the browser engine in Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption and application crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via unknown vectors.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-4514
mozilla -- firefox	The sec_asn1_d_parse leaf function in Mozilla Network Security Services (NSS) before 3.19.2.1 and 3.20.x before 3.20.1, as used in Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x and other products, improperly restricts access to an unspecified data structure, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (application crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via crafted OCTET STRING data, related to a "use-after-free" issue.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7181
mozilla -- firefox	Heap-based buffer overflow in the ASN.1 decoder in Mozilla Network Security Services (NSS) before 3.19.2.1 and 3.20.x before 3.20.1, as used in Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x and other products, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption and application crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via crafted OCTET STRING data.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7182
mozilla -- firefox	Integer overflow in the ASN.1 decoder in Mozilla Network Security Services (NSS) before 3.19.2.1 and 3.20.x before 3.20.1, as used in Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x and other products, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (application crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via unknown vectors.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7183
mozilla -- firefox	Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x before 38.4 allow remote attackers to bypass the Same Origin Policy for an IP address origin, and conduct cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks, by appending whitespace characters to an IP address string.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7188
mozilla -- firefox	The accept() function in Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 on OS X improperly interacts with the implementation of the TABLE element, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (application crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code by using an NSAcceptsHTMLContentAttribute value to reference a cross-domain table.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7192
mozilla -- firefox	Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x before 38.4 improperly follows the CORS cross-origin request algorithm for the POST method in situations involving an unspecified Content-Type header manipulation, which allows remote attackers to bypass the Same Origin Policy by leveraging the lack of a preflight-request step.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7193
mozilla -- firefox	Buffer underflow in libjbig in Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x before 38.4 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (application crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via a crafted ZIP archive.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7194
mozilla -- firefox	Buffer overflow in the rtxTextureorage11.dll file ANGUL, as used in Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x before 38.4, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted texture data.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7198
mozilla -- firefox	The (1) AddWeightedPathSegLists and (2) SVGPathSegListSMILType::Interpolate functions in Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x before 38.4 lacks status checking, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted SVG document.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7199
mozilla -- firefox	The Cryptotkey interface implemented in Mozilla Firefox before 42.0 and Firefox ESR 38.x before 38.4 lacks status checking, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted SVG document.	05/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7200
adobe -- acrobat	Adobe Reader and Acrobat 10.x before 10.1.16 and 11.x before 11.0.13, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 2015.008.30094, and Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 2015.008.20069 on Windows and OS X allow attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and memory corruption) via a crafted CMAP table in a POF document, a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-6685, CVE-2015-6686, CVE-2015-6693, CVE-2015-6694, CVE-2015-6695, and CVE-2015-7622.	03/11/2015	9.3	CVE-2015-7650
commvault -- edge_server	The Web Console in CommVault Edge Server R2 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary OS commands via crafted serialized data in a cookie.	03/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-7253
google -- android	MediaScanner in Android 5.x before 5.1.1 LMY48X and 6.0 before 2015-11-01 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted media file, aka internal bug 19779574, 23680780, 23876444, and 23658148, a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-8072 and CVE-2015-8073.	03/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-6608
google -- android	Bitmaps in Android before 5.1.1 LMY48X and 6.0 before 2015-11-01 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted audio file, aka internal bug 22953624.	03/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-6609
google -- android	libstagefright in Android before 5.1.1 LMY48X and 6.0 before 2015-11-01 allows attackers to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted application, aka internal bug 23707088.	03/11/2015	9.3	CVE-2015-6610
google -- android	Filemedia in Android before 5.1.1 LMY48X and 6.0 before 2015-11-01 allows attackers to gain privileges via a crafted application, aka internal bug 23540426.	03/11/2015	9.3	CVE-2015-6612
google -- android	mediaserver in Android 4.4 through 5.x before 5.1.1 LMY48X and 6.0 before 2015-11-01 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted media file, aka internal bug 23881715, a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-6608 and CVE-2015-8073.	03/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-8072
google -- android	mediaserver in Android 4.4.2 and 5.1 before 5.1.1 LMY48X allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted media file, aka internal bug 14388161, a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-6608 and CVE-2015-8073.	03/11/2015	10.0	CVE-2015-8073
hp -- arcsight_command_center	HP ArcSight Logger 6.0.0.7307.1, ArcSight Command Center 6.8.0.18906, and ArcSight Connector Appliance 6.4.0.6881.1 use the root account to execute files owned by the arcsight user, which might allow local users to gain privileges by leveraging arcsight account access.	03/11/2015	2.2	CVE-2015-6030
hp -- vertica	The vertica-udx-zgote process in HP Vertica 7.1.1 UDx does not require authentication, which allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary commands via a crafted packet, aka ZD-CAN-2914.	03/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-8662
ibm -- tivoli_storage_manager	The Reporting and Monitoring component in Tivoli Monitoring in IBM Tivoli Storage Manager 6.3 before 6.3.6 and 7.1 before 7.1.3 on Linux and AIX uses world-writable permissions for unspecified files, which allows local users to gain privileges by writing to a file.	03/11/2015	7.2	CVE-2015-4927
mobatek -- mobaxterm	The default configuration of the server in Mobaxterm before 8.3 has a disabled Access Control setting and consequently does not require authentication for X11 connections, which allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary commands or obtain sensitive information via X11 packets.	03/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-7244
powerdns -- authoritative	The label decompression functionality in PowerDNS Recursor before 3.6.4 and 3.7.x before 3.7.3 and Authoritative (Auth) Server before 3.3.3 and 3.4.x before 3.4.5 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption or crash) via a request with a long name that refers to itself. NOTE: This vulnerability exists because of an incomplete fix for CVE-2015-1868.	02/11/2015	7.8	CVE-2015-5470
wp-championship_project -- wp-championship	Multiple SQL injection vulnerabilities in cs_admins_users.php in the wp-championship plugin 5.8 for WordPress allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary SQL commands via the (1) user, (2) iadmin, (3) mail service, (4) mailrescript, (5) stellv, (6) champipp, (7) Upgrader, or (8) userip parameter.	02/11/2015	7.5	CVE-2015-5308
qolsys -- iq_panel	Qolsys IQ Panel (aka QOL) before 1.5.1 has hardcoded cipher/algorithm keys, which allows remote attackers to create digital signatures for codes, which might allow them to gain administrative access.	03/10/2015	9.3	CVE-2015-6032
qolsys -- iq_panel	Qolsys IQ Panel (aka QOL) before 1.5.1 does not verify the digital signatures of software updates, which allows man-in-the-middle attackers to bypass intended access restrictions via a modified update.	03/10/2015	9.3	CVE-2015-6033
xen -- xen	The most _I2_entry function in arch/x86/mm/s in Xen 3.4 through 4.6.x does not properly validate level 2 page table entries, which allows local PV guest administrators to gain privileges via a crafted superpage mapping.	02/10/2015	2.2	CVE-2015-7935